

Safety Data Sheet

QKIND Heavy Duty Cleaner
Degreaser

Compilation Date: 1 January 2006

Issue Date: 12th October 2021

Revision No: 3.1

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	Heavy Duty Cleaner Degreaser
Other Means of Identification	None
Product Code	5lt: AQKTOR5, 20lt: AQKTOR20
Product Use	Water based degreaser for Commercial Kitchens
Supplier	QKIND
Mail Address	2/594 Boundary Road, Archerfield QLD 4108
Email	sales@qkind.com.au
Telephone:	1300 00 44 12
Emergency Telephone:	Poisons Information Centre (National) 131126

2. Hazards Identification

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Criteria of NOHSC, and the ADG Code.

GHS Classification	Skin irritation – Category 2 Serious eye irritation – Category 2
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GHS Label Elements



SIGNAL WORD	WARNING
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Hazard Statement(s)

H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Prevention(s)

P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

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P262 P264	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P270 P280	Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Response

P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
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3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

(Listed when present at 1% or greater, carcinogens at 0.1% or greater)

Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number	% Weight	Hazard Information
Sodium Metasilicate Pentahydrate	10213-79-3	0-10	H290: May be corrosive to metals. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H336: STOT SE 3
Tetra potassium pyrophosphate	7320-34-5	<10	H319: Causes serious eye irritation
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous	Various	10 – 30	None
Water	7732-18-5	> 60	None

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

4. First Aid Measures

General | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Australia 13 11

Inhalation	<p>26) or a doctor. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately give a glass of water.</p> <p>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</p> <p>Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</p> <p>Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</p> <p>Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</p> <p>Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.</p>
Skin:	<p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <p>Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</p> <p>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</p> <p>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</p>
Eyes	<p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</p> <p>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</p> <p>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</p> <p>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</p> <p>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</p>
Ingestion:	<p>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</p> <p>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</p> <p>Observe the patient carefully.</p> <p>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</p> <p>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</p> <p>Seek medical advice.</p>

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	<p>The product contains a substantial proportion of water, therefore there are no restrictions on the type of extinguishing media which may be used. Choice of extinguishing media should take into account surrounding areas.</p> <p>Though the material is non-combustible, evaporation of water from the mixture, caused by the heat of nearby fire, may produce floating layers of combustible substances.</p> <p>In such an event consider: foam.</p>
Fire Fighting	<p>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</p> <p>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains</p>

Fire and Explosion
Hazards

or water courses.
Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.
The material is not readily combustible under normal conditions.
However, it will break down under fire conditions and the organic component may burn. Not considered to be a significant fire risk.
Heat may cause expansion or decomposition with violent rupture of containers.
Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of: carbon dioxide (CO₂), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), metal oxides, other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit corrosive fumes.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Clean up all spills immediately.
Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.

Major Spills

Minor hazard.
Clear area of personnel.
Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

7. Precautions for handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for Safe
Handling

Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
Use in a well-ventilated area.
Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Other Information

Store in original containers.
Keep containers securely sealed.
Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable containers

Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
Packing as recommended by manufacturer.

Storage
Incompatibility

Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Avoid strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides and chloroformates.
Avoid contact with copper, aluminium and their alloys.

| Avoid reaction with oxidising agents.

8. Exposure controls /personal protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits **TWA (mg/m³)** **STEL (mg/m³)**
Exposure limits have not been established by SWA for any of the significant ingredients in this product.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems. **Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

Eye Protection	Protective glasses or goggles must be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may lead to severe harm to them or to general health. Emergency eye wash facilities must also be available in an area close to where this product is being used.
Skin Protection	Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.
Protective Material Types	We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC.
Respirator	Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally necessary. Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Non viscous liquid	Clear water like liquid
Odour:	Neutral odour
Colour	Red
pH	10.0 to 10.5 neat
Vapour pressure:	No data.
Vapour Density:	No data.
Boiling Point:	Approximately 100°C (for liquid concentrate)
Boiling range	No data.

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Melting point	No data.
Solubility in water	Miscible
Specific Gravity:	1.03 – 1.06
Flash point	Non Flammable
Solubility limits	N/a
Per Cent Volatile	Approximately 80% v/v

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep containers tightly closed.
Incompatible Materials	acids, zinc, tin, aluminium and their alloys.
Fire Decomposition	Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness. Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.
Polymerisation	This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

11. Toxicological information

Local Effects:

Target Organs	There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.
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Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient	Risk Phrases
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No ingredient mentioned in the HSIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation	Short Term Exposure: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. However product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort. Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.
Skin Contact	Short Term Exposure: This product is a skin irritant. Symptoms may include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin. Other symptoms may also become evident, but if treated promptly, all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Eye Contact	<p>Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.</p> <p>Short Term Exposure: This product is a severe eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms such as swelling of eyelids and blurred vision may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased. However, lengthy exposure or delayed treatment is likely to cause permanent damage.</p> <p>Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.</p>
Ingestion	<p>Short Term Exposure: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. However, this product is a severe oral irritant. Symptoms may include extreme pain and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. Other symptoms such as blisters may also become evident, and may last long after exposure has ceased.</p> <p>Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.</p>
Carcinogen Status	
SWA	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

12. Ecological information

Environmental	<p>Salts, acids and bases are typically diluted and neutralised when released to the environment in small quantities. However, until diluted or neutralised it will kill all aquatic organisms it contacts due to extreme pH.</p>
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13. Disposal considerations

Disposal	<p>Containers should be emptied as completely as practical before disposal. If possible, recycle product and containers either in-house or send to recycle company. If this is not practical, send to a commercial waste disposal site.</p>
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14. Transport Information

UN Number	<p>This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good by ADG, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria. No special transport conditions are necessary unless required by other regulations.</p>
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15. Regulatory Information

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AICS | All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations.

16. Other information

Abbreviations

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS Number	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
EC50	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% — concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
ES	Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed in a work day
GHS	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LD50	Lethal Dose 50% — dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50% — concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
NICNAS	National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme
Peak Limitation	Peak Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
TWA	Time Weighted Average — generally referred to ES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number

References

Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from IUCLID datasheet for the specific chemical.
NOHSC: 1003	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 1995, Exposure Standards for Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)11

Prepared By	Jon Sprinkhuizen
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Changes Made	Update SDS to GHS format
References	Australian Dangerous Goods Code Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice 2011. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons (SUSMP) Guidance

Contact Person/Point	Australia 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26
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Legal Disclaimer

The above information is believed to be correct with respect to the formula used to manufacture the product in the country of origin. As data, standards, and regulations change, and conditions of use and handling are beyond our control, NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION.

End of MSDS